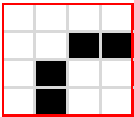
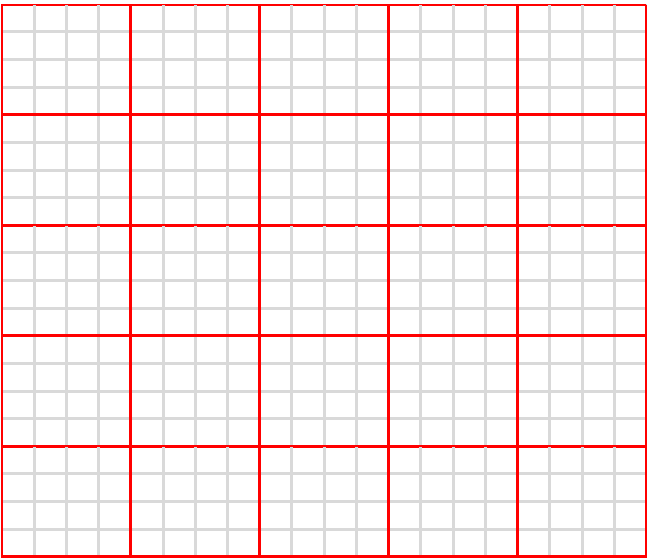


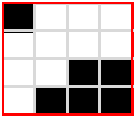
Chaque calcul suivant est associé à un pictogramme.  
 La réponse correspondante permet de positionner  
 correctement le pictogramme sur la grille vierge.

- 1) Effectuer les calculs en détaillant les étapes.
- 2) colorier la grille à l'aide des réponses et du plan ci dessous.

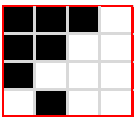
|    |     |    |    |    |
|----|-----|----|----|----|
| 22 | 14  | 5  | 19 | 15 |
| 23 | 25  | 47 | 20 | 10 |
| 0  | 34  | 7  | 2  | 3  |
| 12 | 120 | 16 | 9  | 49 |
|    | 24  | 30 | 1  |    |



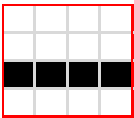
$19 + 1 \times 3 =$



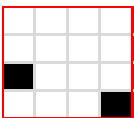
$5^2 =$



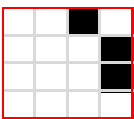
$2 \times 7 - 2 \times (8 \div 4) =$



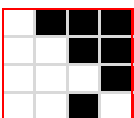
$3 + 6 \div 3 =$



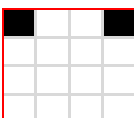
$3^2 =$



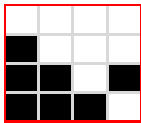
$9 - 1 + 4 =$



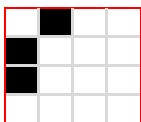
$22 + 3 - 6 \div 3 =$



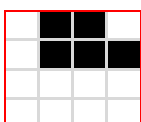
$1 + 3 \times 2 =$



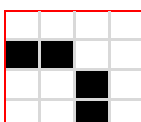
$2 + 3 \times 7 - 9 =$



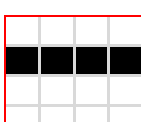
$15 + 8 \times 5 - 6 =$



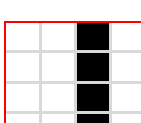
$2^2 + 3 \times 10 =$



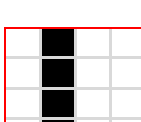
$(7 - 4) \times 5 =$



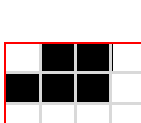
$600 \div 10 \div 2 =$



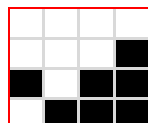
$11 - (2 \times 5 + 1) =$



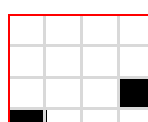
$\frac{9 \times 2}{9 - 3} =$



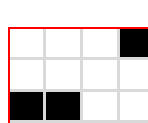
$(15 - 7 \times 2) + (25 - 3 \times 8) =$



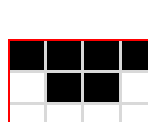
$4 + 3 \times (50 \div 10) =$



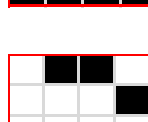
$600 \div (10 \div 2) =$



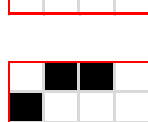
$(9 - 5) \times 5 =$



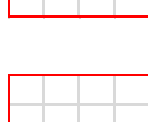
$(1 + 3)^2 =$



$12 \div 4 \times 8 =$



$\frac{2 \times (7 + 3) - 1}{11 + 8} =$



$5 + 7 \times 9 \div 3 \times 2 =$